

 <p><b>Proposal for Task Force Consideration at the ISSC 2017 Biennial Meeting</b></p>	<p>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Growing Area  b. <input type="checkbox"/> Harvesting/Handling/Distribution  c. <input type="checkbox"/> Administrative</p>
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Proposal Subject	Sources of Seed for Aquaculture
Specific NSSP Guide Reference	Section II. Model Ordinance Chapter VI. Shellfish Aquaculture
Text of Proposal/ Requested Action	<p>.03 Seed Shellstock</p> <p>Seed may come from any growing area, or from any growing area in any classification, provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. The source of the seed is sanctioned by the Authority</li> <li>B. Seed from growing areas <del>or growing areas</del> in the restricted or prohibited classification have acceptable levels of poisonous or deleterious substances; and</li> <li>C. Seed from growing areas <del>or growing areas</del> in the prohibited classification are cultured for a minimum of <del>six (6) months</del> <u>one month while average daily water temperatures are above 50 degrees F.</u></li> </ul>
Public Health Significance	<p>Shellfish seed collected or cultured in certain growing areas that are in the prohibited classification have been shown through repeated sampling to be free of deleterious substances (John Mullen RI DOH, unpub. data, Rheault unpubl. data, Rice unpub. data, Leavitt unpub. data). A period of one month is typically adequate to purge viral and bacterial contaminants provided water temperatures are high enough to maintain active metabolic activity (above 60 degrees F or 15 degrees C) (Richards 1988).</p> <p>Once the Authority is satisfied that adequate sampling has demonstrated that the seed have “acceptable levels of deleterious substances”, then a 30 day period of culture in open waters should be adequate to allow purging of bacterial and viral contaminants to ensure that public health is protected. The Authority retains the right to deny seed collection and culture in any area, or to require additional testing for deleterious substances, or to require longer periods to purge contaminants as necessary.</p> <p>The original intent of this section was to provide for purging of viral and bacterial contamination prior to harvest for consumption on the assumption that deleterious substances were at acceptable levels prior to moving the seed to grow out areas The six-month requirement was implemented as a short-hand way to ensure that seed were grown for at least one month when water temperatures exceeded 60 degrees F.</p> <p>It makes little sense to require relay times in excess of one month for seed that are</p>

	<p>typically more than six months from harvest size when shellstock relay times as short as two weeks are common.</p> <p>References Cited:  Richards, G. (1988), Microbial Purification of Shellfish: A Review of Depuration and Relaying, J. Food Protection 51(3)218-251.</p> <p>Supporting Information:  RI DOH metals data (oyster seed grown in Billington Cove Marina)  Unpublished data from Rd. Dale Leavitt (clam seed grown in Warwick Cove Marina)</p>
Cost Information	This change should facilitate record keeping and documentation efforts required to ensure that seed from prohibited waters do not get harvested until bacterial and viral contamination has been purged.
Action by 2013 Task Force I	Recommended referral of Proposal 13-107 to an appropriate committee as determined by the Conference Chairman.
Action by 2013 General Assembly	Adopted recommendation of 2013 Task Force I on Proposal 13-107.
Action by FDA May 5, 2014	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 13-107.
Action by 2015 Aquaculture Facility Inspection Committee	<p>Recommended the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Referral of Proposal 13-107 back to Committee as appointed by the Conference Chair.</li> <li>(2) The charge of the Committee be expanded to include updating and revising the Aquaculture Chapter of the Model Ordinance to reflect current practices and methods and submit proposals for the next Annual Meeting.</li> </ol>
Action by 2015 Task Force I	Recommended adoption of Aquaculture Facility Inspection Committee recommendations on Proposal 13-107.
Action by 2015 General Assembly	Adopted recommendation of Task Force I on Proposal 13-107.
Action by FDA January 11, 2016	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 13-107.