	ALTH SERVICE	
U.S. FOOD AND DR		ATION
	FOOD SAFETY	
SHELLFISH AND AQUAC		CY BRANCH
	IPUS DRIVE	
	RK, MD 20740-38	
TEL. 240- 402-2151/205		
CFSANDSSLEO	S@FDA.HHS.GO	OV
SHELLFISH LABORATOR	Y EVALUATION	N CHECKLIST
LABORATORY:		
ADDRESS:		
TELEPHONE:	FAX:	
EMAIL:		
DATE OF EVALUATION: DATE OF F	REPORT:	LAST EVALUATION:
LABORATORY REPRESENTED BY:	TITLE:	
LADUKATUKI KEPKESENTED DI:		
LABORATORY EVALUATION OFFICER:	SHELLFIS	H SPECIALIST:
OTHER OFFICIALS PRESENT:	TITLE:	
Conformity is noted by a (Y), no (N), or not app	· · · ·	
that for all N/A indications, you must document	•	-
separate record. Record comments related to an		
summary of nonconformities. All nonconformit		
System must be in place for onsite laboratory e		heduled.
	Quality Checklist	
Part I Quality Management: Laboratory Ope	*	
Part II Quality Assurance: The Process of Doc		
Part III Quality Control: Documentation for Qu	uality System Defe	nsibility

PART I – Quality Management: Laboratory Operations and Responsibilities for
National Shellfish Sanitation Program Laboratory Quality Systems

ITEM			
Conformance	Ref		
Comments			
			nponents of the Laboratory Quality System
	1,3,6,9	1.1.1	The laboratory has an overall Quality System supported by quality
			management structure, quality assurance processes and quality
			control functions.
	1,3,6,9	1.1.2	Management and technical structure exist to support the Quality
	1260	1.1.3	System. Quality documentation is required by the laboratory. These include a
	1,3,6,9	1.1.5	Quality Assurance (QA) Manual (or otherwise named) and Standard
			Operating Procedures (SOPs) to support the quality assurance
			process of the laboratory.
	1,9	1.1.4	The <u>documents</u> used to implement the quality assurance process and
	· ·		records used to verify quality control (QC) function of the laboratory
			are reviewed and controlled.
	9	1.1.5	An established process of Quality System assessment and technical
			proficiency are documented with results retained until the next
			review.
	9	1.1.6	Resolution, management review and prevention of nonconformities
		121.04	are a documented component of the Quality System.
	1,3,6,9	1.2 Lat	Doratory Management Structure and Quality Systems The laboratory's structure is clearly organized with supervisory
	1,5,0,9	1.2.1	chain delineated.
	9	1.2.2	The laboratory has ensured that its management and personnel
	-		are free from any undue internal and external commercial,
			financial and other pressures and influences that may adversely
			affect the quality of their work.
	9	1.2.3	The laboratory has documentation of dedicated personnel
			with the authority and resources required to carry out their
			duties, including implementing and maintaining the Quality
	1, 9	1.2.4	System of the laboratory.
	1, 9	1.2.4	The laboratory's designated quality personnel ensure adherence to the quality system, including SOPs and QC. These staff
			have clear documented authority to initiate actions to prevent or
			minimize departures from quality system and monitor the
			corrective action process.
	9	1.2.5	The laboratory has documentation of a designated quality
			system manager, responsible for monitoring all aspects of the
			quality system to assure defensibility. This person shall have
			unrestricted access to FDA Shellfish Laboratory Evaluation
			Officers (LEOs) and the highest levels of the laboratories
			management. In the case of a single person laboratory, FDA LEOs will assist with developing a monitoring plan.
	1, 9	1.2.6	A documented system is in place to ensure that appropriate
	1, 2	1.2.0	review of and communication regarding the elements of the
			quality system are established among the laboratory staff and
			laboratory management.
		1.3 Lat	poratory Personnel and Roles in a Quality System
	1,3, 9	1.3.1	The roles and responsibilities of all personnel are defined in the QA
			manual, read by all staff and the acknowledgments of these

Section IV Guidance Documents - Chapter II. Growing Areas

	1	T	responsibilities are retained.
	9	1.3.2	The laboratory policy and the training procedures for personnel are
	9	1.3.2	documented and relevant to the scope of the current activities in the
			laboratory. If the laboratory intends to add methods to their scope,
			training SOPs must also be added with successful completion by the
			analyst(s) that will perform the method(s). In the case of a single
			person laboratory, method proficiency verification must be retained
			during the life of the methods use in the laboratory.
	9	1.3.3	The laboratory shall maintain a personnel file/ record of any relevant
	9	1.5.5	authorization(s), qualifications, trainings, and/or proficiencies for
			each analyst. This information shall be available upon request as
			verification of staff training and shall be retained for all staff until two years after they are no longer employed by the laboratory.
	1, 3, 9	1.3.4	
	1, 5, 9	1.3.4	The laboratory has documented that all personnel involved in testing
			have read and understand the applicable SOPs and associated quality
			documentation and implement the policies and procedures required
рарт н	Orraliter A as		for the performance of their technical function.
raki II -			The Process of Documenting and Maintaining a Quality System ality Assurance Process: QA Manual, SOPs and Document
		Contro	
	1, 9	2.1.1	The QA manual shall include or make reference to all laboratory
	-, >		SOPs and any supporting procedures, including technical
			procedures.
	1, 9	2.1.2	SOPs are controlled documents and include detailed, written
	-, >		instructions to achieve uniformity of test methods and quality control
			procedures, such that items that might affect the quality or
			defensibility of the outcome are mitigated.
	1,9	2.1.3	SOPs and the QA Manual are controlled documents, such that
	, -		specific individuals are designated within the laboratory with
			editorial control. These individuals are identified in the QA Manual.
	1,9	2.1.4	Each time an SOP or the QA manual has changed, the new version
	,		will be marked as such and will be distributed to the laboratory with
			older versions removed from circulation.
	1,9	2.1.5	Staff training requirements are documented in the QA manual and
	,		the training procedure is included.
		2.2 Qu	ality Manual Items
	1,9	2.2.1	Quality Assurance Manual contains:
			Table of Contents;
			Organizational chart;
			A description of the Quality System and procedure for
			implementation and maintenance;
			Policy and procedure for resource management (human resources,
			competence and training, work environment and safety), description
			of responsibilities;
			Policy and procedures for rejection criteria;
			Policy and procedures for calibration of equipment and Equipment
			file items such as maintenance;
			Policy and procedure for traceability and required documentation,
			Policy and procedure for internal audits;
			Policy and Procedure for data analysis and control of nonconforming
			work; and
	1260		Policy for corrective actions (CAs) and preventative actions (PAs).
	1,3,6,9	2.2.2	The organizational chart clearly depicts laboratory structure with
			quality and technical personnel listed.

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	1, 9	2.2.3	The policy for human resources provisions includes hiring and
			assignment of staff, competence and responsibilities for positions,
			and a procedure of training for each technical competence, including
			proficiencies required.
	1, 3, 4,	2.2.4	Policies for work environment and safety protocols, analytical
	6, 9		methods, and quality control performed for the National Shellfish
			Sanitation Program (NSSP) are included or referenced in the QA
			Manual and shall be provided upon request.
	1, 9	2.2.5	A policy regarding appropriate equipment file maintenance and
			retention (e.g., calibration records, maintenance documentation,
			manuals of operation) is included in the QA Manual.
	1,9	2.2.6	The SOP for calibration and maintenance of equipment is kept or
			referenced in the QA Manual and shall be provided upon request.
	1,9	2.2.7	The SOP for traceability of analytical results is included or
			referenced in the QA Manual and shall be provided upon request.
			This traceability procedure includes a documented procedure for the
			unique identification of samples and the process for chain of custody
			verification.
	1,9	2.2.8	The QA Manual has a policy and a procedure for internal quality
			audits. These audits are planned and scheduled annually or as
			needed. The policy states auditors do not audit their own work. In the
			case of a single person laboratory, FDA LEOs will assist with an
			audit plan.
	1,9	2.2.9	The QA Manual contains a policy for data analysis to require that all
			analyses performed have been carried out correctly, documented,
			controls were used accurately and the results meet specified
			requirements.
	1,9	2.2.10	The QA Manual contains a procedure for the control of
		-	nonconforming work in the case of:
			identification, documentation, evaluation, segregation (where
			practical), disposition of nonconforming sample/analyte/result and
			customer notification;
			assigning responsibility for the review and the authority for
			disposition of nonconforming sample/analyte/result;
			a nonconforming result correction and the re-verification/calibration
			of the affected equipment after the correction to demonstrate
1	1	1	
			conformity (if necessary): and
			conformity (if necessary); and handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to
			handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to
	1.9	2.2.11	handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to the customer.
	1, 9	2.2.11	handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to the customer. The QA manual contains a procedure for preventative actions in
	1, 9	□ 2.2.11	handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to the customer. The QA manual contains a procedure for preventative actions in which laboratory staff identify potential nonconformities in audit
	1, 9	2.2.11	handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to the customer. The QA manual contains a procedure for preventative actions in which laboratory staff identify potential nonconformities in audit results, quality records, or customer complaints through a review
	1, 9	2.2.11	handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to the customer. The QA manual contains a procedure for preventative actions in which laboratory staff identify potential nonconformities in audit results, quality records, or customer complaints through a review process. Steps are then determined to identify preventive actions to
	1, 9	2.2.11	handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to the customer. The QA manual contains a procedure for preventative actions in which laboratory staff identify potential nonconformities in audit results, quality records, or customer complaints through a review process. Steps are then determined to identify preventive actions to implement. The necessary changes are made to SOPs and this
			handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to the customer. The QA manual contains a procedure for preventative actions in which laboratory staff identify potential nonconformities in audit results, quality records, or customer complaints through a review process. Steps are then determined to identify preventive actions to implement. The necessary changes are made to SOPs and this exercise is recorded, and records maintained.
	1, 9	2.2.11 2.2.12	handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to the customer. The QA manual contains a procedure for preventative actions in which laboratory staff identify potential nonconformities in audit results, quality records, or customer complaints through a review process. Steps are then determined to identify preventive actions to implement. The necessary changes are made to SOPs and this exercise is recorded, and records maintained. The QA manual has a policy and a procedure for developing
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			handling a nonconforming result when it is detected, after delivery to the customer. The QA manual contains a procedure for preventative actions in which laboratory staff identify potential nonconformities in audit results, quality records, or customer complaints through a review process. Steps are then determined to identify preventive actions to implement. The necessary changes are made to SOPs and this exercise is recorded, and records maintained. The QA manual has a policy and a procedure for developing corrective action(s) to eliminate the cause of identified nonconformities in order to prevent recurrence. Corrective actions describe the nonconformities, define the process for evaluating the need for actions to ensure that nonconformities do not recur (root cause analysis), explain the process to implement the corrective

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0	1		
	1, 3, 4,	2.2.13	The QA Manual contains a policy stating laboratory management
	6, 9		shall ensure and document the competence of staff independently
			operating equipment resulting in a documented measurement,
			analysis result, quality control value/result, determination of data
			value for sample result, and review/closure of corrective action for
			efficacy.
	1, 9	2.2.14	The policy for sample rejection criteria includes what the laboratory
			will accept and reject based on NSSP requirements and chain of
			custody.
	1, 3, 4,	2.2.15	The laboratory shall have sample acceptance procedures that include
	6, 9		safe handling, transport, and storage to prevent contamination or
			deterioration and to protect the sample integrity. These procedures
			are provided to customers.
	1, 3, 4,	2.2.16	The laboratory has procedures for handling nonconforming samples
	6,9		and who will be contacted in the case of sample rejection.
PART III- Qua	ality Contro		nentation for Quality System Defensibility
			cumentation
	1, 9	3.1.1	The laboratory investigates proficiency testing (PT) programs for
			areas of continual improvement and actively addresses problematic
			results through the prescribed corrective action process.
	1, 9, 10	3.1.2	The laboratory personnel performing sampling and testing
			participate in PT programs and exercises when available. If no PT
			exists, participation in interlaboratory comparisons is considered.
	1, 3, 6,	3.1.3	Corrections to quality control records, bench sheets and reports
	9, 10		follow the requirements below:
			A single line is drawn through the incorrect information;
			The correct information is written next to the incorrect information;
			The person responsible for the correction initialed the information;
			If not obvious, the reason for correction has been included; and
			If corrections are necessary in an electronic document, old
			information must be retained in some form, the person making the
			change must be identified, the date of the change noted, and the
			reason for the change noted.
	1, 3, 6,	3.1.4	All records, required to be retained for two years (or length of time
	9, 10		as dictated by State law), shall be legible and shall be stored in such
			a way that they are readily retrievable to prevent damage or loss.
	1	3.1.5	All records and documents must be written in indelible ink.
			thod Performance Validation
	1, 3, 6, 9	3.2.1	The laboratory will internally validate new methods to confirm with
			objective evidence that the intended protocols are demonstrated and
	1.0	222	outcomes are fulfilled.
	1, 9	3.2.2	Methodologies do not deviate from the validated method and the
	1.0.5	222	laboratory's internal validation shall remain on file in the laboratory.
	1, 3, 6,	3.2.3	The laboratory shall report the method chosen in writing to the
	9,10	2.2.4	customer.
	1, 4, 9	3.2.4	Methodologies and protocols are selected based on NSSP
			requirements and samples are processed as per the citation in the
		225	current Model Ordinance.
	1.2.4		vironmental Conditions
	1, 3, 4,	3.3.1	Laboratory facilities for analysis, including lighting and
	5, 6, 9,		environmental conditions such as temperature and humidity, shall
	10	222	support accurate performance of the tests.
	1, 3, 4,	3.3.2	The laboratory shall monitor, control, and record environmental
	5, 6, 9,		conditions as required by the relevant specifications, methods and

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10		procedures, or where they influence the outcome of results (e.g.,
10		biological sterility, dust, humidity, electrical supply, temperature,
		vibration).
1, 3, 4,	3.3.3	Laboratory personnel shall stop testing when the environmental
6, 9, 10	0.0.0	conditions jeopardize the results of analyses.
1, 3, 4,	3.3.4	Personnel shall ensure good housekeeping in the laboratory.
6, 9, 10	5.5.1	reisonner shan ensare good nousekeeping in the taboratory.
	3.4 Eq	uipment
1, 3, 4,	3.4.1	The laboratory shall have instructions and/ or SOPs on the use and
6, 9, 10		operation of all relevant equipment, and on the handling and
		preparation of items for testing, where the absence of such could
		jeopardize the outcome of analysis or influence results.
1, 9, 10	3.4.2	All equipment in the laboratory is labelled with the manufacturer's
		name, identification number, and serial number or other unique
		identification that is traceable.
1, 9, 10	3.4.3	Equipment files contain reports and certificates of all calibrations,
		the due date of next calibration, dates and results of any
		maintenance, adjustments, damage, malfunction, and modification or
		repair to the equipment.
1, 2, 9,	3.4.4	If equipment (e.g., thermometer, balance) was sent out of the
10		laboratory for service, performance has been verified prior to use
		again in the laboratory.
		mperature Measuring Devices
1, 2, 8,	3.5.1	Unique identifier, ice point date (if applicable) and any correction
 9, 10		factor is recorded on in use temperature measuring device (TMD).
1, 2, 8,	3.5.2	TMDs are calibrated as per the NSSP requirements and ice
9, 10		points/steam points are performed annually on Standards
		thermometers.
1, 8	3.5.3	TMDs calibration certificates are retained for three consecutive
 1.0.0	254	calibration cycles.
1, 8, 9,	3.5.4	Where calibrations give rise to a set of correction factors, the
10		laboratory shall have procedures to ensure these records are retained
1.0.0	255	until the next check is performed.
1, 8, 9,	3.5.5	Range and graduations of all TMDs are appropriate for the
 10	3.5.6	designated use. Dial thermometers are not used in the laboratory.
8, 9, 10	5.5.0	For electronic TMDs, probe/sensor is uniquely labeled and placement within unit being monitored follows manufacturer's
 1.8.0	3.5.7	instructions to ensure accurate readings, as devices vary. Temperature Monitoring Systems (wired/wireless) must record
1, 8, 9, 10	5.5.7	temperature reading from each sensor/probe in the piece of
10		equipment being monitored at the same or greater frequency and
		accuracy as stipulated for mercury in glass thermometers, as per
		manufacturer specifications.
	3.6 Di	sposables and Pipettors
1, 3, 4,	3.6.1	Pipettors, accuracy checked, fixed volume or electronic are
6, 9, 10	5.0.1	calibrated according to NSSP requirements.
1, 3, 10	3.6.2	Pipettors are etched with identification (imprinted serial numbers
, - ,		acceptable) and tagged with last date of accuracy check.
1, 3, 4,	3.6.3	Appropriate pipettor tips are used and sterility checks are performed
6, 9, 10	_	on an appropriate quantity.
1, 3, 4,	3.6.4	Sterility checks on disposables are performed according to a cited
6, 9, 10		QC practice, within a designated SOP. (e.g., laboratory may cite and
, , -		implement a recognized standard of sterility testing, they may test
		10% of a "lot" or any 3 in a box.)
		· /

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	3.7 Test Record/Bench Sheet Requirements
1, 3, 4, 6, 9, 10	3.7.1 Test records/bench sheets shall contain information to facilitate repeatability under conditions as close as possible to the original including QC information (or reference) for media and supplies used.
1, 9, 10	3.7.2 Test records/bench sheets must show date, time and temperature of samples at the start of analysis and contain the name or initials of the analyst performing the test for each group of samples.
1, 4, 9, 10	3.7.3 Test records/bench sheets must include sterility controls or a reference to the document containing sterility controls for disposables and dilution buffer.
1, 4, 9, 10	3.7.4 Test records/bench sheets must include media productivity (positive and negative) controls or a reference to the document containing media productivity controls.

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LAB	ORATO	DRY:	DATE of EVALUATION:						
	SHELLFISH LABORATORY EVALUATION CHECKLIST								
		SUMMARY of NONCONFORMITI	ES						
Page	Item	Observation	Documentation Required						

Section IV Guidance Documents – Chapter II. Growing Areas Laboratory Evaluation Checklist - Laboratory Evaluation Checklist - Laboratory Quality Assurance Program Page **8** of **8**

Does Not Conform Conforms Acknowledgment by Laboratory Director/Supervisor: All Corrective Actions will be implemented and verifying substantiating documentation received by the Laborator Evaluation Officer on or before						
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ABORATORY REPRESENTATIVE/POINT OF CONTACT: NSSP Quality System Evaluation: (Part I-III) A. Criteria for Determining Laboratory Status of the Quality System Component: 1. Laboratory must satisfy all sections of the Quality System prior to onsite evaluation: a. The total # of nonconformities in Part I b. The total # of nonconformities in Part II c. The total # of nonconformities in Part II d. The total # of nonconformities in Part III s. Laboratory Status (circle appropriate) Does Not Conform Conforms xcknowledgment by Laboratory Director/Supervisor: xll Corrective Actions will be implemented and verifying substantiating documentation received by the Laborator ivaluation Officer on or before	LAB	ORATOR	Y STATUS			
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NSSP Quality System Evaluation: (Part I-III) A. Criteria for Determining Laboratory Status of the Quality System Component: 1. Laboratory must satisfy all sections of the Quality System prior to onsite evaluation: a. The total # of nonconformities in Part I b. The total # of nonconformities in Part II c. The total # of nonconformities in Part II c. The total # of nonconformities in Part II d. The total # of nonconformities in Part III d. The total # of nonconformities in Part III d. The total # of nonconformities in Part III d. The total # of nonconformities in Part II d. The total # of nonconformities in Part III c. The total # of nonconformities in Part III d. Conform Conforms Acknowledgment by Laboratory Director/Supervisor: All Corrective Actions will be implemented and verifying substantiating documentation received by the Laborator Evaluation Officer on or before	AR	ORATOR	V REPRESENTA I	ΓΙΥΕ/ΡΟΙΝΤ ΟΕ CONTACT·		
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