Proposal Subject

Real Time PCR Method for Determining Levels of V. parahaemolyticus

Text of Proposal/ Requested Action

With the advent of real-time PCR assays, it is now possible to conduct more rapid and accurate screening for *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* within 24 hour time frame. Real-time PCR assays are generally less labor intensive and less time consuming then the traditional biochemical assays that have been used to detect total *Vibrio parahaemolyticus*.

The State of Washington Department of Health has developed a multiplex real time PCR assay for the detection of *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* (VP) using the Applied Biosystem Taqman Platform. This assay targets two species identification markers (*tlh* and *gyrase B*) for total VP, the virulence marker (*tdh*), and a *16S* target that is specific for five species (V. *parahaemolyticus*, V. *alginolyticus*, V. *furnissii*, V. *harveyi*, V. *fluvialis*) within the genus.

Public Health Significance

Vibrio parahaemolyticus continues to cause food borne outbreaks globally due to the consumption of raw or undercooked oysters^{i, ii}. Current molecular methods can of differentiate between pathogenic (tlh+, tdh+) and non-pathogenic (tlh+, tdh-) organisms but real-time PCR procedures are not fully approved by the ISSC. This real-time PCR assay, if approved, would improve the turn around time for results for public health protection and seafood safety.

ⁱWong, H.C., S. H. Liu, et al. (2000). Characteristics of Vibrio parahaemolyticus O3:K6 from Asia." Appl Environ Microbiol **66**(9): 3981-6.

ⁱⁱDePaola, A., C. A. Kaysner, et al. (2000). "Environmental investigations of Vibrio parahaemolyticus in oysers after outbreaks in Washington, Texas, and New York (1997 and 1998)." Appl Environ Microbiol **66**(11): 4649-54.

Cost Information (if available)

None

Action by 2005 Laboratory Methods Review Committee

Recommended Proposal 05-108 be referred to the appropriate committee as determined by the Conference Chairman, with further direction to the Executive Office to organize a meeting of the Laboratory Methods Committee within six (6) months of the conclusion of this Biennial Meeting.

Action by 2005 Task Force I

Recommended adoption of the Lab Methods Review Committee recommendation on Proposal 05-108.

Action by 2005 General Assembly

Adopted recommendation of 2005 Task Force I.

Action by USFDA

Concurred with Conference action.