Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference

2019 Biennial Meeting

Task Force III Report

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Proposal Subject	Internal Authority Self-Assessment Using a National Program Standards Manual
Specific NSSP	Section II. Model Ordinance
Guide Reference	Chapter I. Shellfish Sanitation Program Requirements for the Authority
Text of Proposal/	@.01 Administration
Requested Action	
	A. Scope
	B. State Law and Regulations
	C. Records
	D. Shared Responsibilities
	E. Administrative Procedures
	F. Epidemiologically Implicated Outbreaks of Shellfish-Related Illness
	G. Commingling
	H. Program Evaluation. The Authority shall conduct a self-assessment using the
	National Program Standards Manual and report annually to the U.S. Food and Drug
	Administration the results of the assessment.
Public Health	The purpose of this proposal is to begin discussions on how a self-assessment can be used
Significance	by Authorities to conduct a comprehensive evaluation of their ability to promote the
	protection of public health. An assessment conducted by an Authority may encourage
	continuous improvement and innovation and can assure that individual program activities
	provide comparability among other domestic and international shellfish programs. The
	evaluation can be used to assist both the FDA and shellfish Authorities in fulfilling
	regulatory obligations and ensuring the implementation of the requirements set forth in the
	NSSP Model Ordinance
Cost Information	
Action by 2011	Recommended referral of Proposal 11-310 to the appropriate committee as determined by
Task Force III	the Conference Chairman.
Action by 2011	Adopted the recommendation of Task Force III on Proposal 11-310.
General Assembly	
Action by FDA	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 11-310.
February 26, 2012	
Action by 2013	Recommended referral of Proposal 11-310 to the appropriate committee as determined by
NSSP Evaluation	the Conference Chairperson with the following instructions.
Criteria	

Committee	Establish a workgroup to evaluate the Manufactured Food Standards and determine the applicability of and/or use of these Manufactured Standards to the National Shellfish Sanitation Model Ordinance requirements and report their findings and recommendations to the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee at the next ISSC Meeting.
	The Committee further recommended that self-assessments should be voluntary and that the word "shall" should be replaced with the word "may".
Action by 2013 Task Force III	Recommended adoption of the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee recommendation on Proposal 11-310.
Action by 2013 General Assembly	Adopted recommendation of 2013 Task Force III on Proposal 11-310.
Action by FDA May 5, 2014	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 11-310.
Action by 2015 NSSP Evaluation Criteria	Recommended that draft standards be developed for each program element. These draft standards will be developed using the stnadards from other programs and the FDA draft.
Committee	It is further recommended that the ISSC identify volunteer states to ilot the standards once developed. The committee will review results from the pilot and submit a proposal for conference consideration.
Action by 2015 Task Force III	Recommended adoption of the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee recommendation on Proposal 11-210.
Action by 2015 General Assembly	Adopted recommendation of Task Force III on Proposal 11-310.
Action by FDA January 11, 2016	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 11-310.
Action by 2017 NSSP Evaluation	Recommended:
Committee	 The full committee be allowed to review the Voluntary National Shellfish Regulatory Program Standards Plant Sanitation draft report. This review should take place as soon as possible so that a decision can be made in January by the NSSP Evaluation Committee via a conference call. If the full committee concurs, 2-4 state can move forward with a pilot study for the program standards as determined by the sub-committee chair.
Action by 2017	Recommended referral of Proposal 11-310 back to the NSSP Evaluation Criteria
Task Force III	Committee with instructions to review the Plant Sanitation Standards developed by the Standards Subcommittee. The Committee is instructed to complete the review by January 31, 2018 and present recommendations to the ISSC Executive Board for interim approval
Action by 2017	and pilot testing. Adopted the recommendation of Task Force III on Proposal 11-310.
Action by 2017	Adopted the recommendation of Task Porce III on Proposal 11-310.

Proposal No. 11-310

General Assembly	
Action by FDA	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 11-310.
February 7, 2018	
Action by 2019	The Committee recommended Task Force III adopt the draft Voluntary National Shellfish
Standards	Regulatory Program Standards (attached) for the Plant Sanitation element into Section IV
Committee	Guidance Documents of the National Shellfish Sanitation Program (NSSP) Guide for the
	Control of Molluscan Shellfish.
Action by 2019	Recommends adoption of the Standards Committee recommendation on Proposal 11-310 as
Task Force III	follows:
	1) Adopt the draft Voluntary National Shellfish Regulatory Program Standards
	for the Plant Sanitation element into Section IV Guidance Documents of the
	National Shellfish Sanitation Program (NSSP) Guide for the Control of
	Molluscan Shellfish.
	2) The committee complete the piloting and recommend any needed changes to
	the Conference at the 2021 Bieninal Meeting.
	3) The committee begin the development of Program Standards for the
	Growing Area Classification Element for Conference consideration.

Proposal No. 13-301

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Proposal Subject	Growing Area Classification Criteria
Specific NSSP Guide Reference	To Be Determined
Text of Proposal/ Requested Action	The ISSC has adopted evaluation criteria for several program elements within the NSSP. These include laboratories, plant sanitation, and patrol. The development of these criteria has seemed to provide a better understanding of expectations, improve uniformity in State evaluations and enhance compliance. The ISSC should expand its evaluation criteria efforts to include growing area classification. Most illnesses associated with molluscan shellfish can be traced to problems associated with growing area classification. Although more complex, this element of the program could benefit from the development of evaluation criteria. The purpose of this proposal is to request the Evaluation Criteria Committee be charged with the task of developing evaluation criteria for the growing area element.
Public Health Significance	Growing area classification criteria will enhance State classification efforts and ensure a high level of uniformity and effectiveness in FDA evaluations.
Cost Information	
Action by 2013 Task Force III	The submitter of Proposal 13-301 requested that the following sentence be deleted from the proposal.
	Most illnesses associated with molluscan shellfish can be traced to problems associated with growing area classification.
	The Task Force recommended adoption of Proposal 13-301 with the amendment as requested by the submitter.
Action by 2013 General Assembly	Adopted recommendation of 2013 Task Force III on Proposal 13-301.
Action by FDA May 5, 2014	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 13-301.

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Action by 2015	Recommended:		
NSSP Evaluation	1)	The follow	ving criteria be used in evaluating the State Growing Area
Criteria	,		on element
Committee		1	William Conitario Communication
		1.	Written Sanitary Survey
		(A)	Is there a written Sanitary Survey for each growing area
			s classified other than prohibited?
		(B)	Is the Sanitary Survey complete?
			A. Executive Summary
			B. Description of Growing Area
			C. Pollution Source Survey
			D. Hydrographic and Meteorological Characteristics
			E. Water Quality Studies
			F. Interpretation of Data in Determining Classification
			to Be Assigned to Growing Area: A discussion of
			how actual or potential pollution sources, wind, tide, rainfall, etc. affect or may affect water quality, that will
			address the following:
			G. Conclusions
		(C)	Is the Sanitary Survey current?
			A. Annual
			B. Triennial
			C. 12 Year)
		2	
		2.	Shoreline Survey
		(A)	Does Shoreline Survey include identification and
		(B)	evaluation of all actual and potential sources of pollution Does Shoreline Survey include boundaries?
		(D) (C)	Does Shoreline Survey include unique designation?
		(D)	Does Shoreline Survey include required maps?
		(E)	Does Shoreline Survey include a summary of survey
		(L)	findings?
		3.	Adequate Sampling
		(A)	Are the number and location of sampling stations adequate
			to effectively evaluate all pollution sources.
		(B)	Were adequate samples collected for each area consistent
			with the classification and type of sampling approach used
			(i.e. Remote, Adverse Pollution, Systematic Random
			Sampling)?
		(C)	Were samples collected under appropriate conditions
			consistent with the type of sampling approach?
		4	Data to support Classification
		4.	Data to support Classification

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Action by 2015	(A) The assigned classifications are based on data/information supporting the classification and performance standards? (B) Is appropriate data/information available to support the classification within each designated growing area? 5. Proper Classification (A) Are all growing areas properly classified? (B) Does SSCA have appropriate MOU(s) with appropriate parties for each area classified as conditional? 2) The subcommittee will develop a scoring system which assigns appropriate significance to the criteria and establishes compliance standards which can be used to assign compliance designations as outlined in the other NSS elements. 3) Field testing of the complete evaluation criteria including compliance designation will be field tested in one state in each ISSC region. The results will be reviewed by the NSSP Evaluation Committee, modified as appropriate and presented to the ISSC as a proposal. Recommended adoption of the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee recommendations on
Task Force III	Proposal 13-301.
Action by 2015 General Assembly	Adopted recommendation of Task Force III on Proposal 13-301.
Action by FDA January 11, 2016	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 13-301.
Action by 2017 NSSP Evaluation	Recommended:
Criteria Committee	 The full committee is allowed to review the FDA proposed growing area evaluation criteria immediately. Concurrence with FDA not to initiate a full pilot until the committee completes a
	review of the FDA proposed criteria.
Action by 2017 Task Force III	Recommended adoption of NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee recommendation to refer Proposal 13-301 back to the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee with the following charge:
	Review the evaluation criteria provided to the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee and provide recommendation for interim approval by the ISSC Executive Board at the Spring Board meeting. The Executive Board is requested to coordinate the piloting of the criteria with FDA as soon as possible.
Action by 2017 General Assembly	Adopted the recommendation of Task Force III on Proposal 13-301.

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Action by FDA	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 13-301.
February 7, 2018	
Action by 2019	Recommended Proposal 13-301 be referred to an appropriate committee as determined by
NSSP Evaluation	the Conference Chairperson to continue the development of the growing area classification
Criteria	evaluation criteria and make recommendations to the conference on proposal 13-301. The
Committee	committee will work with FDA to assure consistency and uniformity of evaluation criteria
	for all program elements. The committee requests the Conference Chairperson to instruct
	the committee to start deliberation as soon as possible.
Action by 2019	Recommends adoption of NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee recommendation to refer
Task Force III	Proposal 13-301 to the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee.

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Proposal Subject	NSSP Training Curriculum
Specific NSSP	Section II. Model Ordinance Chapter I
Guide Reference	Section IV. Guidance Documents Chapter I
Text of Proposal/ Requested Action	Presently the NSSP does not have a well defined training curriculum for State Shellfish Authority staff that are implementing the requirements of the NSSP. There are two (2) required courses for Authority staff and FDA provides other training on an as needed basis.
	In 2016, the Association of Food and Drug Officials received a cooperative program grant to support training for shellfish regulatory staff. A joint advisory group (JAG) was created to provide oversight. The lack of an established NSSP curriculum made it difficult to develop funding selection criteria. In response, the ISSC appointed a training committee which discussed available training and provided recommendations to the JAG. The purpose of this proposal is to charge the Training Committee with development of an NSSP training curriculum for inclusion into either Chapter I of the Model Ordinance or as
Public Health	a Guidance Document.
Significance	Adequate training of Authority staff is fundamental to successful implementation of the elements of the NSSP. A NSSP training curriculum would be a helpful tool to guide Authorities in selection of appropriate and helpful training for staff.
Cost Information	
Action by 2017 Task Force III	Recommended adoption of Proposal 17-302 as submitted.
Action by 2017	Adopted the recommendation of Task Force III on Proposal 17-302.
General Assembly	
	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 17 202
Action by FDA February 7, 2018	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 17-302.
NOTE:	This Proposal appears in the 2019 Proposal Package for information only and does not require Task Force action. The Task Force addressed the recommendations of the Training Committee in Proposals 19-303 and 19-304.

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Proposal Subject	Responsibilities of the FDA for Annual or Bi-Annual Evaluations	
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Specific NSSP	ISSC Constitution, Bylaws, and Procedures of the ISSC	
Guide Reference	Procedure IV. Responsibilities of the FDA Section 3. and	
Guide Hererenee	Model Ordinance Chapter I. @.03 (new) E.	
	into a chamalica chapter in 60.03 (no 11) 2.	
Text of Proposal/	Procedures of the Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference	
Requested Action	Procedure IV. Responsibilities of the FDA Section 3.	
1		
	Subdivision a: FDA shall provide a description of all deficiencies/non-compliance	
	or emerging concerns identified during the evaluation. FDA will	
	include the specific NSSP Model Ordinance reference for each deficiency, non-compliance, or emerging concern. This can be	
	accomplished during a close out session with state program	
	officials or at any time during a field inspection or overall program	
	evaluation and shall occur prior to finalizing the Program Element	
	Evaluation Report (PEER)	
	Subdivision b: FDA shall allow state program officials a minimum of 30 days to	
	correct any deficiencies/non-compliance or emerging concerns	
	(that do not pose an imminent health hazard) identified prior to	

	finalizing the PEER. If state program officials correct the identified deficiencies during the 30 day time frame, the final PEER will acknowledge the corrections and reflect compliance with any deficiencies identified or noted during the evaluation as in Subdivision a, above. If corrections cannot be accomplished within 30 days an agreed upon timeframe or action plan is required and should be included in the PEER. Subdivision c: All deficiencies, non-compliance, or emerging concerns cited in a PEER will include the specific Model Ordinance references of the requirements. Once a State has corrected any non-compliance FDA shall acknowledge the correction in writing. Model Ordinance Chapter I. @.03 (new) E.
	E. When notifying the Authority of deficiencies cited as part of a Program Evaluation, the FDA will adhere to the following:
	(1) FDA shall provide a description of all deficiencies/non-compliance or emerging concerns identified during the evaluation and include the specific NSSP Model Ordinance reference for each.
	(2) FDA shall allow state program officials a minimum of 30 days to correct any deficiencies/non-compliance or emerging concerns (that do not pose a public health hazard) identified prior to finalizing the Program Element Evaluation Report (PEER). If State program officials correct the identified deficiencies during the 30 day time frame, the PEER will acknowledge and reflect compliance.
	(3) Once a State has corrected or addressed any non-compliance, deficiencies, or emerging concerns, FDA shall acknowledge the correction in writing.
Public Health Significance	Provides a mechanism to assure consistency and encourages corrections during the evaluation process so that correctin of deficiencies occur in a timely manner. This is consistent with the existing FDA Compliance Program Guidance Manual. This language encourages the cooperative aspect of the NSSP by allowing FDA and State Authorities to work together to address problems sooner rather than later.
Cost Information	Would save time and resources for both FDA and State Regulators.
Action by 2017 Task Force III	Recommended referral of Proposal 17-305 to an appropriate committee as determined by the Conference Chairperson.
Action by 2017 General	Adopted the recommendation of Proposal 17-306 on Proposal 17-305.

Proposal No. 17-305

Assembly	
Action by FDA	Concurred with Conference action on proposal 17-305 with comments. (See February 7,
February 7, 2018	2018 FDA response to ISSC Summary of Actions)
Action by 2019	Recommended that the FDA conduct a review of proposal 17-305 in conjunction with The
NSSP Evaluation	Molluscan Shellfish Compliance Program and report back to the Regulatory Relationships
Criteria	Committee and the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee what they incorporated from the
Committee	proposal, and if they did not, the justification for their decision.
Action by 2019	Recommends the FDA determine if the issues outlined in Proposal 17-305 can be addressed
Task Force III	in the Molluscan Shellfish Compliance Program and advise the Regulatory Relationships
	Committee.

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Proposal Subject	Executive Committee Membership
Specific NSSP	ISSC Constitution By-laws & Procedures
Guide Reference	Article VIII. of the Constitution entitled Duties of the Executive Director
Text of Proposal/	Section 1. The Executive Director shall serve as chief administrator of the
Requested Action	Conference and shall serve as a non-voting member of the Executive
	Board and the Executive Committee. The Executive Director shall
	conduct the affairs of the Conference and shall implement the decisions
	and policies of the Board and voting delegates.
Public Health	It is critical that the Executive Director be included as a non-voting member of the
Significance	Executive Committee for the same reason that the Executive Director is included as a
	non-voting member of the Executive Board. Given the duties and responsibilities of
	the Executive Director, it is imperative that the Executive Director participate in
	Executive Board and Executive Committee discussions for the purpose of providing
	information necessary to conduct conference discussions.
Cost Information	
Action by 2019 Task	Recommends adoption of Proposal 19-300 as submitted. The change will also result
Force III	in a change to Section 9. Article IV. Executive Board, Officers and Committees.

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Proposal Subject	Updating and Clarifying Laboratory Evaluation Checklist Submission Requirements
Specific NSSP	ISSC Constitution, Bylaws, and Procedures, Procedure XV, Section 4 and Section 6
Guide Reference	
Text of Proposal/	Section 4., Subdivision a.
Requested Action	All proposals shall include a completed Single Laboratory Validation (SLV)
	Method Application and Checklist. ISSC Method Application and Single Lab
	Validation Summary of Required Elements for Acceptance of a Method for Use in
	the NSSP.
	Submitters of AOAC and FDA methods will provide a <u>Single Laboratory</u> Validation Method Application and <u>Checklist an ISSC Method Application and</u> <u>Single Lab Validation Summary of Required Elements for Acceptance of a Method for Use in the NSSP</u> , along with the AOAC OMA or FDA Office of Foods Level 3 or 4 validations.
	Section 6., Subdivision a., Subdivision ii.
	Method documentation including:
	Subdivision (a) Method title, scope and references;
	Subdivision (b) Equipment and reagents required;
	Subdivision (c) Sample collection, preservation and storage
	requirements;
	Subdivision (d) Safety requirements;
	Subdivision (e) Step by step procedure;
	Subdivision (f) Specific quality control measures associated with the method;
	Subdivision (g) Laboratory Evaluation Checklist for use during
	evaluations of proper method implementation;
	Subdivision (gh) Cost of the method;
	Subdivision (hi) Sample turnaround time.
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Public Health	Whenever a new laboratory method is accepted for use within the National Shellfish
Significance	Sanitation Program, an associated laboratory evaluation checklist to properly
5	evaluate method implementation is necessary for laboratory evaluation officers
	(LEOs) to be able to fully and uniformly evaluate laboratories which have adopted

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	the method. These checklists are often not prepared or submitted by the method
	developer/submitter in a timely manner, if at all, and the Laboratory Committee is
	often called upon instead to expend valuable time and resources preparing these
	checklists. Further, the method developer/submitter is the most appropriate
	individual for developing the technical aspects of the laboratory evaluation
	checklist, while the Laboratory Committee is better suited for ensuring consistency
	and uniformity with other NSSP laboratory evaluation checklists.
	There are a few reasons why these challenges with laboratory evaluation checklist
	submissions arise. First, there is often confusion among method developers
	between the laboratory evaluation checklist and the "ISSC Method Application and
	Single Lab Validation Checklist for Acceptance of a Method for Use in the NSSP,"
	which is required to be completed when submitting a new method for adoption
	within the program. Developers often think that they have already fulfilled their
	checklist completion requirement by submitting this document. Additionally,
	laboratory evaluation checklists are not currently required to be prepared until after
	the method has been approved for use within the program, and there are no timeline
	standards associated with this expectation.
	This proposal attempts to eliminate the confusion between checklists by retitling the
	"ISSC Method Application and Single Lab Validation Checklist for Acceptance of
	a Method for Use in the NSSP" to "ISSC Method Application and Single Lab
	Validation Summary of Required Elements for Acceptance of a Method for Use in
	the NSSP," and to make laboratory evaluation checklist submission a required
	component of method submission for approval. The text of this proposal includes
	modifications to the ISSC Constitution, Bylaws, and Procedures, Procedure XV, as
	well as all other supporting documents that describe the process of method
	submission that would be available on the ISSC webpage.
Cost Information	No additional costs as laboratory evaluation checklist development is already a
	required part of the process, and this proposal simply changes where in the method
	approval process the checklist must be submitted for evaluation by the Laboratory
	Committee.

Recommends adoption of Proposal 19-301 as submitted.

Action by 2019 Task

Force III

Proposal No. 19-302

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Proposal Subject	Adding Matrix Extension Guidelines for Method Validation
Specific NSSP Guide Reference	ISSC Constitution, Bylaws, and Procedures, Procedure XV, Add a new Section 10.
Text of Proposal/ Requested Action	Section 10. Matrix Extensions.
Requested Action	For methods already adopted into the NSSP, consideration of expanding a method to a new molluscan shellfish species is accomplished using the "ISSC Method Application Format for Biotoxin Methods Matrix Extension" and the "ISSC Method Application Format for Microbiology Methods Matrix Extension." The simplified, reduced approach to method validation for expanding an NSSP method to new molluscan shellfish species is visually represented in the "Matrix Extension Guidelines" schematic.
Public Health Significance	Analytical methods employed in the National Shellfish Sanitation Program (NSSP) are validated for the intended purpose within the Program. Since individual molluscan shellfish matrices may impact the performance of certain methods in their ability to identify and quantify biotoxins or microbiological contaminants, each method must be validated for each molluscan shellfish. To date, a full single laboratory validation (SLV) for each molluscan shellfish matrix has been expected. However, the Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference Laboratory Committee has developed simplified method validation guidelines for extending an adopted NSSP method for the use of additional species. The reduced guidelines address the critical method performance criteria that may be impacted by a change in shellfish type.
Cost Information	No additional costs. The cost to laboratories performing the validation studies would be less since this represents a reduced version of the validation guidelines for extending an NSSP method to a new molluscan shellfish matrix.
Action by 2019 Task Force III	Recommends adoption of Proposal 19-302 as submitted.

Proposal No.	19-303
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Proposal Subject	Definitions and Training Requirements
Specific NSSP Guide Reference	Section I. Purpose and Definitions
	Section II. Model Ordinance
	Chapter I, Shellfish Sanitation Program Requirements for the Authority
	Chapter IV. Shellstock Growing Areas
	Chapter VIII. Control of Shellfish Harvesting
	Section III. Public Health Reasons and Explanations
	Chapter I. Shellfish Sanitation Program
Text of Proposal/	Section I. Purpose and Definitions
Requested Action	
	Definitions
	(120) State-Shellfish Standardization Inspector means a person from either a state,
	federal or foreign authority who has met the requirements established in Chapter 1
	@.01 (H.). that has successfully completed the FDA standardization training course
	(or one deemed acceptable by the FDA and the field evaluation phase of shellfish
	plant inspection with either an FDA standardization officer or a state standardization
	officer).
	(121) State-Shellfish Standardization Officer means a person from either a state,
	federal or foreign authority who has met the requirements established in Chapter 1
	@.01 (H.). that has successfully completed the FDA standardization training course
	and the field evaluation phase of shellfish plant inspection with an FDA
	standardization officer.
	Sanitary Survey Officer means a person from either a state, federal or foreign
	authority who has met the requirements established in Chapter 1 @.01 (H.).
	authority who has met the requirements established in Chapter 1 (w.o.i (H.).
ı	Laboratory Evaluation Officer means a person from either a state, federal or foreign
	authority who has met the requirements established in Chapter 1 @.01 (H.).
	Section II. Model Ordinance
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Chapter I, Shellfish Sanitation Program Requirements for the Authority @.01

- H. Personnel training requirements for implementing the NSSP
 - (1) Shellfish Dealer Inspections:
 - (a) Shellfish Standardization Officer (SSO) shall successfully complete:
 - (i) the FDA standardization training course,
 - (ii) seafood HACCP, and;
 - (iii) the field evaluation by a FDA standardization officer.
 - (b) Shellfish Standardized Inspector (SSI) shall successfully complete:
 - (i) the FDA standardization training course,
 - (ii) seafood HACCP, and;
 - (iii) the field evaluation by a FDA standardization officer or the SSO.
 - (2) Growing Area Classification:
 - (a) Sanitary Survey Officer shall successfully complete:
 - (i) the FDA growing area course, and;
 - (ii) have a minimum of one (1) year of on the job experience in a NSSP growing area classification program within the shellfish sanitation program
 - (3) Patrol Enforcement:
 - (a) Officers responsible for the patrol of shellfish growing areas shall obtain the following training:
 - (i) basic law enforcement before assuming patrol duties,
 - (ii) shellfish control regulations before assuming independent patrol duties, and;
 - (iii) updated shellfish control regulations at an interval deemed appropriate by the Authority.
 - (4) Laboratory:
 - (a) Laboratory Evaluation Officer (LEO) shall successfully complete:
 - (i) the FDA Laboratory Evaluation Officer training course,
 - (ii). field standardization by a FDA LEO, and;
 - (iii) have a minimum of two (2) years of shellfish laboratory experience or a laboratory background with a minimum of three (3) years of bench level experience with the method types that will be evaluated.

Chapter IV. Shellstock Growing Areas @.01

- A. General.
 - (1) The sanitary survey...
 - (2) The sanitary survey...
 - (3) The documentation supporting each sanitary survey shall be maintained by the Authority. For each growing area, the central file shall include all data, results, and analyses from:
 - (a) The sanitary survey <u>reviewed and signed by the Sanitary Survey Officer;</u>

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	(b) The triennial reevaluation; and
	(c) The annual review.
	Chapter VIII. Control of Shellfish Harvesting @.01
	B. Patrol of Growing Areas.
	(1) The Authority shall
	(2) The Authority shall
	(3) Exceptions
	(4) The Risk Category
	(5) The Authority may
	(6) Officers responsible for the patrol of shellfish growing areas shall
	obtain the following training:
	(a) Basic law enforcement training, before assuming their patrol
	duties;
	(b) Training on shellfish control regulations within the jurisdiction of the patrol agency, before assuming independent
	patrol duties; and
	(c)(a) In-service training on the shellfish control regulations
	within the jurisdiction of the patrol agency, when the regulations
	change.
	Section III. Public Health Reasons and Explanations
	1
	Chapter I. Shellfish Sanitation Program @.01
	H. Training
	Training is required for state, federal or foreign authorities implementing the NSSP.
	These training requirements ensure that persons in positions of responsibility
	understand the foundational elements of the program and demonstrate proficiency.
	Training is required for four elements of the program; Shellfish Dealer Inspection,
	Growing Area Classification, Patrol Enforcement and Laboratory. Each training
	requirement is linked to individuals designated as "Officers" who either sign off on
	reports or who enforce laws and regulations.
Public Health	The modifications to the standardization definitions provide clarification regarding
Significance	those required to have training.
	The proposal creates a training requirement for persons responsible for developing
	sanitary surveys and outlines the training requirements.
	The managed exector a definition for Laborate E 1 to OCC TI
	The proposal creates a definition for Laboratory Evaluation Officer. The
	requirements are currently outlines in Chapter III.
	The proposal greates a new section in Chapter I @ 01 H, that would include all
	The proposal creates a new section in Chapter I @.01 H. that would include all
C II C ···	required program training.
Cost Information	D 110.000
Action by 2019 Task	Recommends adoption of Proposal 19-303 as submitted.
Force III	

Submitter	ISSC Training Committee
Affiliation	Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference
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Proposal Subject	Training Guidance
Specific NSSP	Section IV. Guidance Documents
Guide Reference	Chapter I. General
Text of Proposal/	Section IV Guidance Documents
Requested Action	
	Chapter 1. General
	.03 Training requirements and recommendations
Public Health	This guidance document will create a NSSP training curriculum. This curriculum will
Significance	include required and recommended training for persons implementing the NSSP. This
	curriculum will be used in establishing priorities for scheduling and funding training.
	Currently, funding is made available to states through the FDA/AFDO Training
	Cooperative Agreement. The joint advisory group will use this curriculum in
	prioritizing funding requests.
Cost Information	
Action by 2019 Task	Recommends adoption of Proposal 19-304 as submitted.
Force III	

				NSSP Tr	NSSP Training Curriculum	ırriculun	ח				
BASIC TRAINENG Integrated Food Jurisdiction	Regulations, Policies and Proceedures	Communication Solls	Professionalism	Data and Information Systems	Public Health Principles	Biological	Environmental Hazanth	Sampling	Tracability	Recalls	NSSP Program Overview
3			TRAINING BY	ELEMENT (bold o	TRAINING BY ELEMENT (bold outline indicates required course)	guired course)					
INDIVIDUAL ONV AN SELECTED	WORD	GROWING AREA CIAS SPICATION	MOUN		LABORATORY		JA BN EDSDAND TON LWG	OR CE ME NT	201116	SHELFISH DIALBRING PECTION	CTION
Risk Analysis	s	Shellfish Growing Area	•		Laboratories		Basic Law Enforcement	forcement		Seafood HACOP	
pushed may polou	San Bar y Survey	Sentury Surveys of Shellfish Growing Areas; FD042 Shellfish Laboratory Methods and Evaluation; FD246	g Areas; FD242	specifich reposits	ory Methods and B	valuation; FD246	Shelfish Control Regulations	d Regulations	HANING	Shelfish Plant Standard zation; FD245	IN FDOM
Program Evaluation							Shelfish Control Regulations Update	i Regulations she	86	Stelfish Plant Program	Ħ
Policy De velopment							Impediors, Compliance and Enforcement	mpliance and ment	inspections,	Inspections, Compliance and Enforcement	riforcement
Leaders Nip Slidik						3	Shelfish Papol Program	ol Program		Labeling	
Ortical Thinking							Control of Harvest, FD2-43	West, FD249		PestControl	
Traceback investigation; ER 220										Plumbing	
Imports									Bar	Basic inspection; FD 190	90
Investigation Principles									8	Sanitation Practices	**
Emergency Response; 8/810									-	Transportation	
Foodborne libera investigations; ERZ25									She liftsh State	She iffsh State Standard ball on Officer; FDQ41	Micer, FD241
									eds	Special Processes; FDI 52	10
									Shelffs	Shelffsh Turks at Retail; FD312	FD312

Proposal No. 19-305

Submitter	Kristin DeRosia-Banick David Carey
	Sue Ritchie
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Proposal Subject	Evaluation of Shellfish Sanitation Program Elements
Specific NSSP	Section II Model Ordinance Chapter I. Shellfish Sanitation Program Requirements for the
Guide Reference	Authority @.03 Evaluation of Shellfish Sanitation Program Elements
Text of Proposal/	A. The goal of shellfish program evaluation shall be to monitor program implementation and
Requested Action	work with States to determine where problems may exist and how to address them.
	Shellfish program evaluation methodologies shall: a. Monitor State Program implementation;
	b. Assess State program effectiveness; and
	c. Evaluate the validity of the elements of the NSSP Guide for the Control
	of Molluscan Shellfish.
	2. The minimum components of shellfish program evaluation shall include: a. A description of the program activity;
	b. A comparison of FDA observations with State observations; and
	c. A measurement of conformity of shellfish program activities with
	elements of the NSSP Guide for the Control of Molluscan Shellfish.
	3. The focus of data collection shall be on measuring conformity of shellfish
	program activities with elements of the NSSP Guide for the Control of Molluscan Shellfish.
	4. The types of date collected shall include the following:
	a. Program records;
	b. Direct observation made by the evaluator; and
	c. Data and information from the Authority or other pertinent sources.5. FDA shall not evaluate Shellfish Sanitation Program Elements while
	simultaneously training and/or standardizing newly hired FDA Shellfish Specialists
	or potential candidates being considered for a position as an FDA Shellfish
	Specialist.
	6. FDA shall not evaluate Shellfish Sanitation Program Elements of any firm or a specific growing area that has been utilized to train and/or standardize newly hired
	FDA Shellfish Specialists or potential candidates being considered for a position as
	an FDA Shellfish Specialist for at least three (3) years from the date the candidate
	has been standardized as an FDA Shellfish Specialist with the following exceptions:
	a. When the State used for FDA training consists of less than the State's
	total inventory of certified shellfish dealers necessary to achieve a 95% probability of detecting a greater than or equal defect level of 20% for the
	State's Plant and Shipping Program Element; or
	b. When the State used for FDA training consists of less than the State's
	representative sampling plan designed to provide a 95% probability of
	detecting a 20% or greater defect level for the State's Growing Area Classification Program Element.
	Classification Frogram Element.
	Request that the NSSP Evaluation Committee consider changes to the Evaluation of Shellfish
	Sanitation Program Elements related to the use of a States' Shellfish Sanitation Program

	,
	Element Evaluation for the purpose of training and standardizing newly hired FDA Shellfish Specialists.
	Specialists.
	It is requested that the committee consider these or other additions to Section II. Chapter I.
	@.03 in order to more specifically define the purpose of an FDA PEER as intended to
	evaluate a States' compliance with the elements of the NSSP Guide for the Control of
	Molluscan Shellfish versus using a "PEER-modeled" evaluation of an SSCA to conduct
	training/standardization of a newly hired FDA Shellfish Specialist.
Public Health	There are existing requirements in the NSSP for Standardizing FDA Shellfish Specialists and
Significance	State Standardization Officers to conduct Shellfish Plant Inspections, whereby the inspections
	of certified dealers' facilities are used not to conduct regulatory inspections of the facilities, but are rather used as an opportunity to train and standardize the skills of the inspector.
	out are runter used as an opportunity to train and standardize the skins of the hispector.
	Similarly, the concept presented here is that a "PEER-modeled" Shellfish Plant and Growing
	Area Evaluation used for the training and standardization of a newly hired FDA specialist
	would be defined and separated from the formal PEER evaluation process. The goals of these two types of evaluations should be clearly identified as distinct from one another.
	two types of evaluations should be clearly identified as distinct from one another.
	The goals of the Evaluation of Shellfish Program Elements, as defined under Section II.
	Chapter I. @.03. A. is to "monitor program implementation and work with States to
	determine where problems may exist and how to address them." The purpose of conducting training/standardization of a newly hired FDA specialist is to ensure that newly hired FDA
	Specialists have the knowledge and ability to evaluate a State program effectively and
	objectively across the wide rang of State shellfish programs, while ensuring that Shellfish
	Specialists are standardized amongst themselves in the evaluation of State programs.
	By separating these two types of evaluations, valuable discussions can occur which may lead to immediate corrective actions of critical deficiencies and ensure that, above all, public health is protected. This would also remove some of the stigma that has resulted from what is perceived as an increase in the number of deficiencies that have been identified in recent years in many States' PEERs in which multiple Specialists with differing levels of experience were evaluating a program.
	During the period in which a new FDA Specialist is being trained in how to conduct a PEER evaluation of a shellfish program element for the State, information gathered during the training would not be used to determine a States' regulatory compliance with the requirements of the NSSP, but would rather provide an opportunity for an experienced Shellfish Specialist to impart his/her knowledge about how to evaluate a State's compliance, communicate his/her perception of the relative severity of compliance issues, and allows for open communication between a Specialist and the Authority. Issues discussed during the training process may or may not reflect significant compliance issues, however through open discussion, all parties would have the opportunity to communicate where disagreements of NSSP interpretation occur.
	While the critical importance of training new hires in the role of FDA Shellfish Specialist is recognized, it should also be recognized that there are inherent differences between these two types of evaluations, and the existing application of the PEER Evaluation to the training and Standardization of new FDA hires may be creating unnecessary conflict between State Shellfish Authorities and the FDA Shellfish Specialists tasked with the difficult job of evaluating State programs.
Cost Information	No cost will be incurred by the industry or State regulatory agencies.
Action by 2019 Task	Recommends referral of Proposal 19-305 to the Regulatory Relations Committee for
Force III	resolution.

Proposal No. ______19-307

Submitter	ISSC Executiv	ve Office
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Email	issc@issc.org	
Proposal Subject		esearch Management and Training to Standing Committees
Specific NSSP	Constitution o	of Bylaws and Procedures
Guide Reference	Article IV. Ex	ecutive Board, Officers, Committees, Section 10.
Text of Proposal/	Article IV. Executive Board, Officers, Committees	
Requested Action		
	Section 1.	The Conference shall
	Section 2.	The Board shall
	Section 3.	The immediate past
	Section 4.	The Treaty Tribes
	Section 5.	The Board Chairperson
	Section 6.	Each Board member
	Section 7.	Elected Board members
	Section 8.	The Board shall
	Section 9.	The Executive Committee
	Section 10.	The Board may appoint committees from industry, educational institutions, research fields, or any other areas as needed to report to the Board and will advise the Conference on proposals under consideration. Committee appointments will be made from the Conference membership by the Executive Board Chairperson. The following committees shall be designated as standing committees and shall convene as needed or as directed by the Executive Board or Chairperson of the Conference: Audit Committee Education Committee; Foreign Relations Committee; Laboratory Committee Model Ordinance Effectiveness Review Committee;

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	 Patrol Committee; Proposal Review Committee; Research Guidance Committee; Resolutions Committee, Shellfish Restoration Committee Study Design Guidance Committee Training Committee Vibrio Illness Review Committee; and Vibrio Management Committee. The Vice-Chairperson of the Conference shall assist the Executive Director in encouraging development of committee work plans and completion of subcommittee assignments prior to convention of the Biennial Meeting.
Public Health	The committees that are being proposed as standing committees provide ongoing
Significance	support for conference activities.
Cost Information	
Action by 2019 Task	Recommends adoption of Proposal 19-307 as submitted.
Force III	

Submitter	ISSC Executive Office
Affiliation	Interstate Shellfish Sanitation Conference
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Proposal Subject	Standardization Definitions
Specific NSSP	Section I. Purpose and Definitions, Definitions
Guide Reference	
Text of Proposal/ Requested Action	 (120) State—Shellfish Standardization Inspector means a person that has successfully completed the FDA Shellfish Plant sStandardization training course (or one deemed acceptable by the FDA and the field evaluation phase of shellfish plant inspection with either an FDA Shellfish Specialist standardization officer or a State-standardization officer). (121) State-Shellfish Standardization Officer means a person that has successfully completed the FDA Shellfish Plant sStandardization training course and the field evaluation phase of shellfish plant inspection with an FDA standardization standardized Shellfish Specialist or the National Shellfish Standard officer.
Public Health	States should be deleted from the titles because MOU countries as well as states are
Significance	required to be standardized. The other changes are included to reflect actual practice.
Cost Information	
Action by 2019 Task	Recommends adoption of Proposal 19-308 as submitted.
Force III	

Proposal No. 19-310

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Proposal Subject	Plant Element Evaluation Criteria
Specific NSSP	Section II Model Ordinance – Chapter I. Shellfish Sanitation Program for the
Guide Reference	Authority
Text of Proposal/	4. Plants
Requested Action	Requirements for evaluation of the shellfish plant inspection program elements shall
	include at a minimum:
	a. Records audit of past shellfish processing facility inspections for a time frame
	not to exceed two certification periods. The number of files to be reviewed
	shall be based upon a representative sampling plan designed to provide a 95
	percent probability of detecting a 20 percent or greater defect level. The ratio
	should be based upon the certification type of plants within that State's
	inventory (i.e. if 50% of plants are Shucker Packers, then 50% of the plants
	selected for evaluation should be Shucker Packers).
	b. Direct observation of current shellfish processing facility conditions;
	Evaluations of SSO(s), either via maintenance inspections or actual
	standardization depending on the expiration date of current SSO(s) during the
	plant element evaluation following the standardization protocol outlined in the
	NSSP MO Section IV Guidance Documents- Chapter III Harvesting.
	Handling, Processing and Distribution. No more than two SSOs will be
	evaluated per evaluation and no more than five maintenance inspections will
	be performed per SSO, not to exceed a total of ten inspections. For states
	having less than five plants during years when actual standardization is not
	required, the existing number of plants will be used for the SSO maintenance
	inspections.
	c. Information collection from the Authority and other pertinent sources
	concerning shellfish processing facility inspection program.
	d. Shellfish sanitation program element criteria shall be used to evaluate
	consecutive full evaluations (not including follow up). If a violation of the
	same criteria is repeated, the program element is considered out of compliance. This program element compliance will be based on the following criteria
	evaluated during the file review:
	i. All dealers are required to be certified in accordance with the Guide
	for the Control of Molluscan Shellfish.
	ii. 95 90% of the certified dealers evaluated in the file review must have
	been inspected by the State at the frequency required by the current Guide for

the Control of Molluscan Shellfish.

- _iii. Where compliance schedules are required,__ no more than 10% of the certified dealers evaluated in the file review will be without such schedules.
- iv. States must demonstrate that they have performed proper follow up for compliance schedules for 90% of dealers evaluated during the file review, and if the compliance schedules were not met, that proper administrative action was taken by the State.
- v. All critical deficiencies <u>identified in the file review</u> have been addressed by the State inspector in accordance with the Guide for the Control of Molluscan Shellfish.
- e. Plant Evaluation Criteria
 - i. Legal Authority Chapter I @ .01 B.

The plant sanitation element will be deemed in compliance if administrative laws and regulations exist that provide the administrative authority to implement the Dealer Certification requirements listed in Chapter I @ .01 and @ 02. [Critical]

ii. Initial Certification – Chapter I @ .02 B.

The Plant Sanitation Element will be deemed in compliance with this requirement when all plants <u>reviewed in the file review</u> are certified in accordance with criteria listed below:

- (a) HACCP requirements:
 - (i) A HACCP plan accepted by the Authority
 - (ii) No critical deficiencies;
 - (iii) Not more than two (2) key deficiencies;
 - (iv) Not more than two (2) other deficiencies.
- (b) Sanitation and additional Model Ordinance Requirements:
 - (i) No critical deficiencies;
 - (ii) Not more than two (2) key deficiencies;
 - (iii) Not more than three (3) other deficiencies.
- iii. Inspection frequency– Chapter I @ .02 F. and G.

The Plant Sanitation Element will be deemed in compliance with this requirement when <u>during the file review</u>, <u>one (1) or 10% or less-of</u> plants <u>inspected</u> doesn'tnot meet the required inspection frequency.

iv. Compliance schedules.

The Plant Sanitation Element will be deemed in compliance with this requirement when no more than 10% of the certified dealers evaluated <u>during</u> the <u>file review</u> are found to be without schedules.

v. Follow-Up.

The Plant Sanitation Element will be deemed in compliance with this requirement when the State demonstrates that they have performed proper follow-up for compliance schedules for 90% of dealers evaluated in the file review and if the compliance schedules were not met that administrative action was taken.

vi. Deficiency Follow-up.

The Plant Sanitation Element will be deemed in compliance with this requirement when the State demonstrates <u>via the file review and/or other supporting documentation</u> that all critical deficiencies have been addressed vii. In Field Plant Criteria. SSO(s) Standardization Maintenance

Certified plants will be evaluated to determine compliance with the criteria

below:

- (a) Shucker/packers and repackers HACCP requirements:
 - (i) A HACCP plan accepted by the Authority;
 - (ii) No critical deficiencies; and
 - (iii) Not more than four (4) key deficiencies.
- (b) Shucker/packers and repackers sanitation and additional Model Ordinance requirements:
 - (i) No critical deficiencies; and
 - (ii) Not more than four (4) key deficiencies.
- (c) Shellstock shippers and reshippers HACCP requirements:
 - (i) A HACCP plan accepted by the authority;
 - (ii) No critical deficiencies; and
 - (iii)Not more than three (3) key deficiencies.
- (d) Shellstock shippers and reshippers sanitation and additional Model Ordinance requirements
 - (i) No critical deficiencies; and
 - (ii) Not more than three (3) key deficiencies.

The Plant Sanitation Element will be deemed in compliance with this requirement when a SSO(s) achieves standardization and/or successfully meets the requirements for the Performance Criteria described in the NSSP MO Section IV Guidance Documents .02 Shellfish Plant Inspection Standardization Procedures

- f. The overall Plant Sanitation Program element will be assigned one (1) of the following conformance designations based on compliance with the criteria listed in Chapter I. @03 B.4
 - i. Conformance: The program is in compliance with all of the criteria listed above and all plants evaluated are in compliance with Chapter I. @.03 B. 4. e. i-vii.
 - ii. Conformance with Deficiencies:

The program is in compliance with Chapter I. @ .03 B. 4. e. i - vi. and has 25% or less of plants with deficiencies associated with Chapter I. @ .03 B. 4. e. vii.

but does not meet the criteria in one (1) of Chapter I. @.03 B. 4. e. iii. or iv. or v. or vi. and the SSO is given a "Needs Improvement" classification in the sections inspectional equipment and communication as described in the NSSP

Proposal No. 19-310

MO Section IV Guidance Documents.02 Shellfish Plant Inspection Standardization Procedures but is still standardized

iii.Nonconformance: The program is in compliance with Chapter I. @ .03 B. 4. e. i., but, does not meet the criteria in Chapter I. @.03 B. 4. e. ii. or iii. or iv. or v. or vi. or has greater than 25% (but less than 51%) of plants with deficiencies associated with Chapter I. @.03 B. 4. e. vii or does not meet the criteria in two (2) of Chapter I. @.03 B. 4. e. iii. or iv. or v. or vi. and the SSO is unable to meet the Performance Criteria described in the NSSP MO Section IV Guidance Documents.02 Shellfish Plant Inspection Standardization Procedures

iv.Major Nonconformance:

- C. The program has multiple deficiencies. It is non-compliant with Chapter I. @.03

 B. 4. e. i., or two (2) or more of Chapter I. @.03 B. 4. e. ii., or iii., or iv., or v., or vi., or 51% or greater of plants with deficiencies associated with Chapter I. @.03 B. 4. e. vii. The program is non-compliant with both Chapter I. @.03 B. 4. e. i and Chapter 1. @.03 B. 4. e. ii, or does not meet the criteria in three (3) of Chapter I. @.03 B. 4. e. iii. or iv. or v. or vi. and the SSO is unable to meet the Performance Criteria described in the NSSP MO Section IV Guidance Documents.02 Shellfish Plant Inspection Standardization Procedures FDA will follow the current compliance program for communication with the State agencies.
- D. All deficiencies observed by FDA while conducting the in-plant inspection portion of the evaluation will be documented and included in the compliance determination outlined in Chapter I. @.03B.4.e.ii.

Public Health Significance

The Plant Element Evaluations conducted by FDA should be a comprehensive evaluation of the State Shellfish Control Authority's (SSCA) ability to promote the protection of public health as it relates to the handing of shellfish. State program audits should have a high level of uniformity and effectiveness in the actual audit criteria. The Plant Element Evaluation Criteria should focus on the actual SSCA's administration of the program with objective measurable items, which represent the SSCA work efforts along with a focus on the State Shellfish Standardization Officers (SSO). The SSCA SSO(s) are responsible for the standardization of the SSCA inspection staff and the NSSP MO already provides a methodology for the standardization and maintenance of the SSO staff which FDA can evaluate as part of the plant element evaluation criteria. The states participating in the ISSC do not all have the same amount or type of dealers. Geographic differences also exist in relation to producing states versus states consisting of mostly secondary processors. Because of this diversity in plant inventory amongst the States, the current in plant criteria element of the plant element evaluation in which FDA Specialist conduct actual inspections at a shellfish dealers facility cannot be uniform in implementation amongst States and does not uniformly assess a SSCA. The inclusion of actual plant inspections and the results of the individual dealer's compliance is not reflective of the SSCAs compliance with the NSSP as the in plant dealer evaluations are only

	assessments of the actual dealer, for which outside of a regulatory inspection or enforcement actions, the SSCA has no control. For example, a SSCA has no control over a refrigeration unit failing to maintain temperature on any particular day, a septic system failing due to age, a sewage back up, a roach infestation, and so on. Inspections of Shellfish dealer facilities are not true evaluations of the SSCA program's compliance with the NSSP. Focusing on the file review along with an evaluation of the State Shellfish Standardization Officer's (SSO) performance during actual standardization or standardization maintenance evaluations as a program element to be evaluated is key to assessing the uniform implementation of the NSSP MO.
Cost Information	None
Action by 2019 Task	Recommends referral of 19-310 to the NSSP Evaluation committee. The NSSP
Force III	Evaluation Committee is requested to immediately address concerns associated with
	the In-Field Plant Criteria and the development of recommendations for Executive
	Board interim action at the 2020 Spring Board meeting.
	Additionally, Task Force II recommends the suspension of In-Field Plant Criteria
	until the Executive Board provides modified criteria.

Proposal No.	19-311
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Submitter	Kirk Wiles
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Proposal Subject	NSSP Plant and Shipping Evaluation Criteria
Specific NSSP	Section II. Chapter I Shellfish Sanitation Program for the Authority @.02 Dealer
Guide Reference	Certification
	Section II. Chapter I Shellfish Sanitation Program for the Authority @.03 Evaluation of Shellfish Sanitation Program Elements
Text of Proposal/ Requested Action	Request that the NSSP Evaluation Committee consider changes to the Evaluation of Shellfish Sanitation Program Elements related to plants. It is requested that the committee review the Cooperative Milk Program State Evaluation process and consider incorporating pertinent aspects into the Shellfish Plant Program element evaluation of state programs. The committee should specifically consider changes to include but are not limited to: Developing a numerical score for plant inspections. Using the numerical score to provide an average score for plants during the FDA In-Field Evaluation. This would be a better reflection of the true status of the plants that considers high performing plants as well as low performing plants. Evaluating a state on model ordinance requirements of the authority to establish an authority performance rating. Separating plant performance from authority and establish a plant performance rating based on a numerical average score of plants. The current plant element state evaluation is primarily dependent on In-Field Plant criteria. The current designations are in most cases dependent upon plant performance based upon a one-day evaluation by FDA. The criteria is based on plant failures with no credit toward plants that are high performing. The Authorities have model ordinance requirements in the plant element. State performance should be evaluated on those requirements. Authority performance and industry performance should be evaluated separately.
Public Health Significance	Changing the focus of the plant element evaluation away from plant performance would ensure that states are following model ordinance requirements that protect public health. Using the current In-Field evaluation process represents a one-day snap shot of industry performance.

	It is not reflective of whether the authority is meeting requirement of the model ordinance. Separating industry performance from the performance of the authority will encourage long term improvement in state implementation of model ordinance plant element requirements.	
Cost Information	No cost increases.	
Action by 2019 Task	Recommends referral of Proposal 19-311 to the NSSP Evaluation Criteria	
Force III	Committee.	

Proposal No.	19-312
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Submitter	US Food & Drug Administration (FDA)
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Proposal Subject	Plant and Shipping Element Evaluation Criteria
Specific NSSP	Model Ordinance Chapter I. Shellfish Sanitation Program Requirements for the
Guide Reference	Authority @.03 B. 4.
Text of Proposal/	We have been using the plant and shipping evaluation criteria for approximately 10
Requested Action	years and have identified some areas that need review. FDA requests that the NSSP
	Evaluation Criteria Committee be charged with reviewing the criteria, especially
	with respect to these areas of concern:
	(1) In-field Plant Criteria
	(2) Compliance Schedules
	(3) Follow-Up for Compliance Schedules
	(4) Conformance Designations
Public Health	Many states have expressed concerns to FDA and the ISSC Executive Office
Significance	surrounding the Plant and Shipping evaluation criteria. In addition, FDA has
	identified its own concerns with the implementation of the criteria.
Cost Information	No additional cost
Action by 2019 Task	Recommends referral of Proposal 19-311 to the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee
Force III	

Submitter	US Food & Drug Administration (FDA)
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Proposal Subject	Add in-field Compliance Criteria for Control of Harvest Element
Specific NSSP	•
Guide Reference	Section II. Model Ordinance - Chapter I@03B.3
Text of Proposal/	3. Patrol Control of Harvest (Change "Patrol Element" to "Control of Harvest Element"
Requested Action	in Chapter I@03B.3 Section.)
	a. Requirements for evaluation
	(new) i. In-field (Harvester) Compliance Criteria
	(new) 1. In-field (frai vester) compitance effectia
	i. Each harvester shall have a valid license, and a special license if necessary, in
	his possession while engaged in shellstock harvesting activities.
	95% of harvesters have valid license Critical
	ii. Each harvester shall obtain Authority approved training at an interval to be
	determined by the Authority not to exceed five (5) years. The training shall
	include required harvest, handling, and transportation practices as determined by
	the Authority. A harvester shall be allowed ninety (90) days following initial
	licensing to obtain the required education.
	A harvester shall obtain proof of completion of the required training. Proof of
	training obtained by the harvester shall be presented to the Authority prior to
	certification, recertification, or licensing. At a minimum, one (1) individual
	involved in the shellfish operations shall obtain the required training. The
	harvester shall maintain record of the completed training.
	100% of licensed harvesters have required training within specified time.Critical
	iii. Harvesters. Any harvester who engages in shellfish packing as defined in this
	Ordinance shall: Be a dealer; or Pack shellstock for a dealer.
	050/ of harvestors engaging in shellfish masking most this
	95% of harvesters engaging in shellfish packing meet this requirementCritical
	iv. Non-Vessel Harvesting. Harvesters shall assure shellstock are harvested,
	handled, and transported to prevent contamination, deterioration, and decomposition.
	<u>accomposition.</u>
	95% of the non-vessel harvesters meet this requirement Key

v. Vessels. The operator shall assure that all vessels used to harvest and transport shellstock are properly constructed, operated, and maintained to prevent contamination, deterioration, and decomposition of the shellstock.

95% of the harvest vessels meet this requirement Key

Cats, dogs, and other animals shall not be allowed on vessels.

95% of the harvest vessels meet this requirement Key

Human sewage shall not be discharged overboard from a vessel used in the harvesting of shellstock, or from vessels which buy shellstock while the vessels are in growing areas.

100% of harvest vessels meet this requirement Critical

As required by the Authority, in consultation with FDA, an approved marine sanitation device (MSD), portable toilet or other sewage disposal receptacle shall be provided on the vessel to contain human sewage.

95% of the harvest vessels meet this requirement Critical

i.vi. Shellstock Washing. The harvester shall be primarily responsible for washing shellstock.

If shellstock washing is not feasible at the time of harvest, the dealer shall assume this responsibility. Water used for shellstock washing shall be obtained from: A potable water source; or a growing area in the: Approved classification; or in the open status of the conditionally approved classification.

If the harvester or dealer elects to use tanks or a recirculating water system to wash shellstock, the shellstock washing activity shall be constructed, operated, and maintained in accordance with Chapter XI. 02 A. (3) and Chapter XIII. 02 A. (3).

95% of the harvesters meet this requirement Critical

<u>vii. Shellstock Identification.</u> Each harvester shall affix a tag that meets Chapter VIII.02.F to each container of shellstock which shall be in place while the shellstock is being transported to a dealer.

95% of the harvesters meet this requirement Critical

<u>viii.Bulk tagging of a lot of shellstock during transport from harvest area to the</u> dealer facilities meets the requirements of Chapter VIII02.F(7).

95% of the harvesters utilizing bulk tagging meet this requirementCritical

ix. Shellstock Temperature Control. All harvesters shall comply with the applicable time to temperature requirements of a State V.v. and V.p. Control Plans outlined

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	in Chapter II. @.06 and @.07; or Chapter VIII. @.02 Shellstock Time to	
	Temperature Controls A. (3). All harvesters shall provide trip records to the	
	initial dealer demonstrating compliance with the time to temperature	
	<u>requirements.</u>	
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	95% of the harvesters meet these requirements Critical	
	ji. The following procedures will be implemented when an FDA evaluation identifies deficiencies with the above patrol-Control of Harvest evaluation criteria. i. The overall Patrol Program Control of Harvest element will be assigned one of the following designations: (a) Conformance: The program is in compliance with all of the criteria listed above. (b) Conformance with Deficiencies: The program only has minor deficiencies associated with a key compliance item. (c) Non-Conformance: The program has: i. at least one (1) critical deficiency; ii. two (2)-four (4) or more key deficiencies; or iii. a repeat [Key] deficiency from the previous evaluation. (d) Major Non-Conformance: The program has multiple deficiencies, key or critical, that suggests the program has become ineffective to control harvest in harvest restricted waters. ii	
Public Health	Adds in field compliance enterio to address Control of Harriest Flamout evaluation	
Significance	Adds in-field compliance criteria to address Control of Harvest Element evaluation	
Significance	activities related to NSSP MO Chapter VIII Requirements for Harvesters. Proposal will bring in the in-field compliance criteria which is similar to plant compliance criteria	
	which have administrative and in-field components.	
Cost Information	NA	
Cost information		
Action by 2017	Recommended referral of Proposal 17-204 to an appropriate committee as determined by	
Task Force II	the Conference Chair with instructions that this proposal be assigned to the appropriate	
	multiple committees.	
Action by 2017	Adopted the recommendation of Task Force II on Proposal 17-204.	
General Assembly	•	
Action by FDA	Concurred with Conference action on Proposal 17-204.	
February 7, 2018		
Action by 2019	Recommends the Conference Chairperson establish a workgroup including members	
NSSP Evaluation	from the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee and the Patrol Committee to review and	
Criteria	make recommendations to the conference on proposal 17-204 working with FDA to consider consistency and uniformity of evaluation criteria for all program elements.	
Action by 2019	Recommends adoption of the NSSP Evaluation Criteria Committee recommendation on	
Task Force II	Proposal 17-204.	
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